IM@WORK FOR MY TOWN: BEST PRACTICES THROUGH THE INFORMATION LIFECYCLE

Module 2: IM Best Practices – Organize and Store

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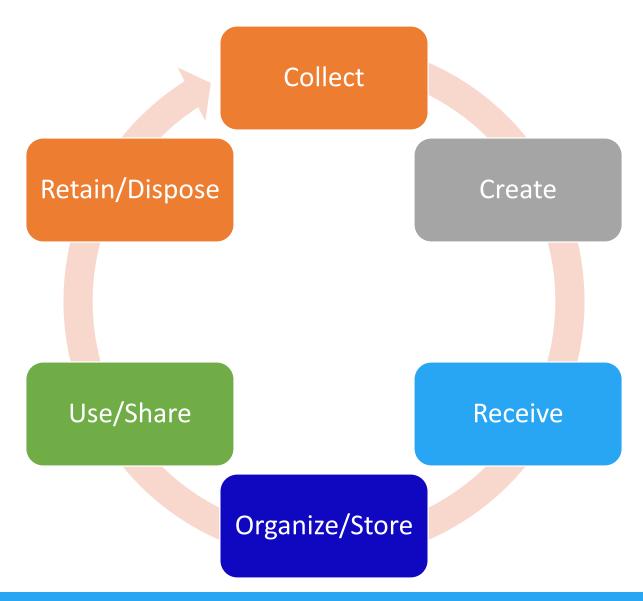


Welcome to Module 2.4: Organize and Store

• In Module 2.4 you will learn to:

- Understand why organizing and storing is critical
- Identify risks to information at the point it is organized and stored
- List tools to support efficient organizing and storing

The Information Life Cycle





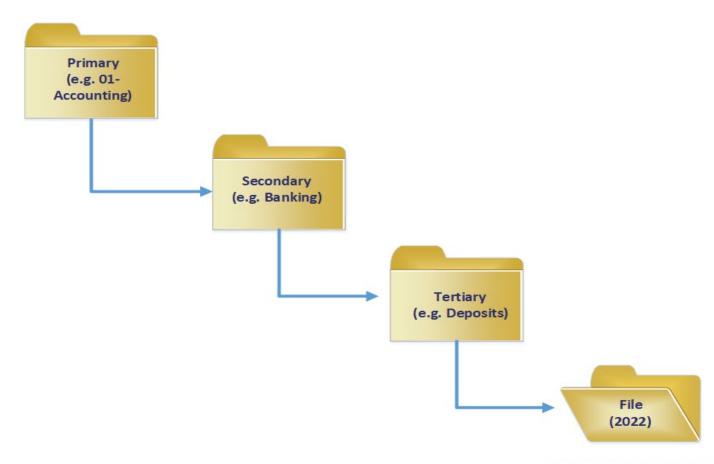
- Imagine there is an ATIPP request that asks for all the records related to the purchase and renovation of the recreation facility which has been around since 1988!
- The town has a limited time to complete a search of all its information holdings. If the town does not respond within the time limit, the requestor has the ability to file a formal complaint.

- Organization occurs when a Town user classifies information for the purpose of storage
- Follows collection, creation or receipt
- Is essential to:
 - Linking the information to the business process
 - Applying access controls to minimize unauthorized access
 - Aiding future retrieval
- Using the RRDS as a basis for organizing information is a best practice that aids retrieval and minimizes retention of unnecessary information

- Risks to information organization/storage include:
 - Mislabelled or filed information may be lost forever
 - Delayed access to information
 - Wasted time spent locating poorly organized information
 - Unauthorised access to information that is not organized properly

- Every process, service or program you provide results in a record or a group of records. These are referred to as a record series
 - Record series have the same management requirements as access control, retention period, etc.
 - There is often a file for each time the process occurs
 - This is where the record series requirements are applied

Sample File Plan/Record Series

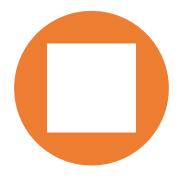


- Close the File at the end of the fiscal year
- Based on the RRDS, these records are securely destroyed after 7 years

- Understand the business process how does information flow through the town?
- What records are generated to support the business
 - Paper
 - Systems
 - Electronic
- Who creates, uses and shares these records?
- What is the best way to organize these records to support operations and ongoing access?
- What triggers disposal time or event based?

- Use the Town's approved records retention schedule
- Consult the Town Clerk when planning to:
 - Reorganize existing records series
 - Dispose of records
- Organizing information can make it easy to find and secure access to information
- A naming convention:
 - is a generally agreed structure for naming records/files
 - Describes what they contain and how they relate to other files
 - Helps to quickly identify and retrieve information

- Town records are organized according to direction of the Town Clerk.
- Town records are stored in secured storage locations as directed by the Town Clerk.
- As a Town User:
 - Know where you are supposed to store your information
 - Only access storage locations you are permitted to access
 - Apply security measures for storage
 - Follow procedures for physical storage (e.g., sign out sheets)
 - Do no use your hard drive for storage unless directed by the Town Clerk



ONLY USE REMOVABLE MEDIA APPROVED BY THE TOWN CLERK



REASONABLE SECURITY
MEASURES MUST BE USED TO
TRANSPORT AND STORE
REMOVABLE MEDIA.



REMOVABLE MEDIA IS PASSWORD PROTECTED AND/OR ENCRYPTED.



RECORDS STORED ON REMOVABLE MEDIA ARE RETURNED TO THE TOWN'S STORAGE LOCATION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

Best Practices:

- Passwords ensure they contain a combination of letters, numbers and symbols and refrain from using the same password across multiple accounts
- Backups complete them often and routinely to ensure information is protected
- Access Control only give access to authorized personnel
- Naming Conventions ensure they are uniformly applied by everyone
- *Version Control* ensure reference documents are kept up to date and employees do not use outdated information

About IM@Work For My Town



MODULE 1: IM BASICS



MODULE 2: BEST PRACTICES

2.1: COLLECTION

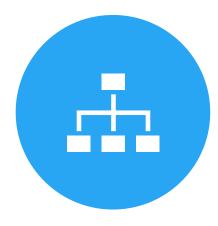
2.2: CREATION

2.3 RECEIVING

2.4: ORGANIZE/STORE

2.5: USE/SHARE

2.6: RETAIN/DISPOSE



MODULE 3: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES



References

- Creating and Capturing Records, Archives of Manitoba Government Records Office:
 - https://www.gov.mb.ca/chc/archives/gro/recordkeeping/docs/creating_r ecords.pdf
- Naming Conventions for Electronic Files and Folders, York University:
 https://ipo.info.yorku.ca/tool-and-tips/tip-sheet-6-naming-conventions-for-electronic-files-and-folders/
- Version Control Guidance, University of Glasgow: https://www.abdn.ac.uk/staffnet/documents/policy-zone-information-policies/UoA Version%20Control July%202017.pdf
- How to Effectively Manage Removable Media, Stanfield IT:
 https://www.stanfieldit.com/how-to-effectively-manage-removable-media/#:~:text=Data%20breaches%20are%20one%20of,data%20security%20a%20major%20concern.

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